

GENERAL ASSEMBLY COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY

2011 REGULAR SESSION

HOUSE BILL NO. 167 AS ENACTED	
FRIDAY, MARCH 4, 2011	

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ELAINE N. WALKER
SECRETARY OF STATE
COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY

1	AN ACT relating to the Surplus Lines Insurance Multi-State Compliance Compact.
2	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:
3	→ SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS 304.010 TO 304.210 IS CREATED
4	TO READ AS FOLLOWS:
5	The Surplus Lines Insurance Multi-State Compliance Compact is hereby enacted into
6	law and entered into by this state with any other states legally joining therein in the
7	form substantially as follows:
8	<u>PREAMBLE</u>
9	WHEREAS, with regard to Non-Admitted Insurance policies with risk exposures
10	located in multiple states, the 111th United States Congress, has stipulated in Title V,
11	Subtitle B the Non-Admitted and Reinsurance Reform Act of 2010, of the Dodd-Frank
12	Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, hereafter, the NRRA, that:
13	(A) The placement of Non-Admitted Insurance shall be subject to the statutory
14	and regulatory requirements solely of the insured's Home State, and
15	(B)Any law, regulation, provision, or action of any State that applies or purports
16	to apply to Non-Admitted Insurance sold to, solicited by, or negotiated with an insured
17	whose Home State is another State shall be preempted with respect to such application;
18	except that any State law, rule, or regulation that restricts the placement of workers'
19	compensation insurance or excess insurance for self-funded workers' compensation
20	plans with a Non-Admitted Insurer shall not be preempted.
21	WHEREAS, in compliance with NRRA, no State other than the Home State of an
22	insured may require any Premium Tax payment for Non-Admitted Insurance; and no
23	State other than an insured's Home State may require a Surplus Lines Broker to be
24	licensed in order to sell, solicit, or negotiate Non-Admitted Insurance with respect to
25	such insured;
26	WHEREAS, the NRRA intends that the States may enter into a compact or
27	otherwise establish procedures to allocate among the States the premium taxes paid to

1	an insured's Home State; and that each State adopt nationwide uniform requirements,
2	forms, and procedures, such as an interstate compact, that provide for the reporting,
3	payment, collection, and allocation of premium taxes for Non-Admitted Insurance;
4	WHEREAS, after the expiration of the two-year period beginning on the date of
5	the enactment of the NRRA, a State may not collect any fees relating to licensing of an
6	individual or entity as a Surplus Lines Licensee in the State unless the State has in
7	effect at such time laws or regulations that provide for participation by the State in the
8	national insurance producer database of the NAIC, or any other equivalent uniform
9	national database, for the licensure of Surplus Lines Licensees and the renewal of
10	such licenses;
11	WHEREAS, a need exists for a system of regulation that will provide for Surplus
12	Lines Insurance to be placed with reputable and financially sound Non-Admitted
13	Insurers, and that will permit orderly access to Surplus Lines Insurance in this state
14	and encourage insurers to make new and innovative types of insurance available to
15	consumers in this state;
16	WHEREAS, protecting the revenue of this state and other Compacting States
17	may be accomplished by facilitating the payment and collection of Premium Tax on
18	Non-Admitted Insurance and providing for allocation of Premium Tax for Non-
19	Admitted Insurance of Multi-State Risks among the States in accordance with Uniform
20	Allocation Formulas;
21	WHEREAS, the efficiency of the surplus lines market may be improved by
22	eliminating duplicative and inconsistent tax and regulatory requirements among the
23	States, and by promoting and protecting the interests of Surplus Lines Licensees who
24	assist such insureds and Non-Admitted Insurers, thereby ensuring the continued
25	availability of Non-Admitted Insurance to consumers;
26	WHEREAS, regulatory compliance with respect to Non-Admitted Insurance
27	placements may be streamlined by providing for exclusive single-state regulatory

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1	comp	liance for Non-Admitted Insurance of Multi-State Risks, thereby providing
2	<u>certa</u>	inty regarding such compliance to all persons who have an interest in such
3	<u>trans</u>	actions, including but not limited to insureds, regulators, Surplus Lines
4	<u>Licer</u>	sees, other insurance producers, and Surplus Lines Insurers;
5		WHEREAS, coordination of regulatory resources and expertise between State
6	<u>insur</u>	ance departments and other State agencies, as well as State surplus lines
7	<u>stam</u>	ping offices, with respect to Non-Admitted Insurance will be improved;
8		NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing, the State of Kentucky
9	and	the various other States do hereby solemnly covenant and agree, each with the
10	<u>other</u>	as follows:
11		ARTICLE I
12		<u>Purpose</u>
13	The j	purposes of this Compact are:
14	<u>1.</u>	To implement the express provisions of the NRRA.
15	<u>2.</u>	To protect the Premium Tax revenues of the Compacting States through
16		facilitating the payment and collection of Premium Tax on Non-Admitted
17		Insurance; and to protect the interests of the Compacting States by supporting the
18		continued availability of such insurance to consumers; and to provide for
19		allocation of Premium Tax for Non-Admitted Insurance of Multi-State Risks
20		among the States in accordance with uniform Allocation Formulas to be
21		developed, adopted, and implemented by the Commission.
22	<u>3.</u>	To streamline and improve the efficiency of the surplus lines market by
23		eliminating duplicative and inconsistent tax and regulatory requirements among
24		the States; and promote and protect the interest of Surplus Lines Licensees who
25		assist such insureds and Surplus Lines Insurers, thereby ensuring the continued
26		availability of Surplus Lines Insurance to consumers.
27	<u>4.</u>	To streamline regulatory compliance with respect to Non-Admitted Insurance

1		placements by providing for exclusive single-state regulatory compliance for
2		Non-Admitted Insurance of Multi-State Risks, in accordance with Rules to be
3		adopted by the Commission, thereby providing certainty regarding such
4		compliance to all persons who have an interest in such transactions, including
5		but not limited to insureds, regulators, Surplus Lines Licensees, other insurance
6		producers, and Surplus Lines Insurers.
7	<u>5.</u>	To establish a Clearinghouse for receipt and dissemination of Premium Tax and
8		Clearinghouse Transaction Data related to Non-Admitted Insurance of Multi-
9		State Risks, in accordance with Rules to be adopted by the Commission.
10	<u>6.</u>	To improve coordination of regulatory resources and expertise between State
11		insurance departments and other State agencies, as well as State surplus lines
12		stamping offices, with respect to Non-Admitted Insurance.
13	<u>7.</u>	To adopt uniform Rules to provide for Premium Tax payment, reporting,
14		allocation, data collection and dissemination for Non-Admitted Insurance of
15		Multi-State Risks and Single-State Risks, in accordance with Rules to be adopted
16		by the Commission, thereby promoting the overall efficiency of the Non-Admitted
17		Insurance market.
18	<u>8.</u>	To adopt uniform mandatory Rules with respect to regulatory compliance
19		requirements for:
20		(i) foreign Insurer Eligibility Requirements;
21		(ii) surplus lines Policyholder Notices;
22	<u>9.</u>	To establish the Surplus Lines Insurance Multi-State Compliance Compact
23		Commission.
24	<u>10.</u>	To coordinate reporting of Clearinghouse Transaction Data on Non-Admitted
25		Insurance of Multi-State Risks among Compacting States and Contracting
26		States.
27	<i>11</i> .	To perform these and such other related functions as may be consistent with the

1		purposes of the Surplus Lines Insurance Multi-State Compliance Compact.
2		<u>ARTICLE II</u>
3		<u>Definitions</u>
4	<u>For</u>	purposes of this Compact the following definitions shall apply:
5	<u>1.</u>	"Admitted Insurer" means an insurer that is licensed, or authorized, to transact
6		the business of insurance under the law of the Home State; for purposes of this
7		Compact "Admitted Insurer" shall not include a domestic surplus lines insurer
8		as may be defined by applicable State law.
9	<u>2.</u>	"Affiliate" means with respect to an insured, any entity that controls, is
10		controlled by, or is under common control with the insured.
11	<u>3.</u>	"Allocation Formula" means the uniform methods promulgated by the
12		Commission by which insured risk exposures will be apportioned to each State
13		for the purpose of calculating Premium Taxes due.
14	<u>4.</u>	"Bylaws" means those bylaws established by the Commission for its governance,
15		or for directing or controlling the Commission's actions or conduct.
16	<u>5.</u>	"Clearinghouse" means the Commission's operations involving the acceptance,
17		processing, and dissemination, among the Compacting States, Contracting States,
18		Surplus Lines Licensees, insureds and other persons, of Premium Tax and
19		Clearinghouse Transaction Data for Non-Admitted Insurance of Multi-State
20		Risks, in accordance with this Compact and Rules to be adopted by the
21		Commission.
22	<u>6.</u>	"Clearinghouse Transaction Data" means the information regarding Non-
23		Admitted Insurance of Multi-State Risks required to be reported, accepted,
24		collected, processed, and disseminated by Surplus Lines Licensees for Surplus
25		Lines Insurance and insureds for Independently Procured Insurance under this
26		Compact and Rules to be adopted by the Commission. Clearinghouse
27		Transaction Data includes information related to Single-State Risks if a state

1		elects to have the Clearinghouse collect taxes on Single-State Risks for such state.
2	<u>7.</u>	"Compacting State" means any State which has enacted this Compact legislation
3		and which has not withdrawn pursuant to Article XIV, Section 1, or been
4		terminated pursuant to Article XIV, Section 2.
5	<u>8.</u>	"Commission" means the "Surplus Lines Insurance Multi-State Compliance
6		Compact Commission" established by this Compact.
7	<u>9.</u>	"Commissioner" means the chief insurance regulatory official of a State
8		including, but not limited to commissioner, superintendent, director or
9		administrator or their designees.
10	<u> 10.</u>	"Contracting State" means any State which has not enacted this Compact
11		legislation but has entered into a written contract with the Commission to utilize
12		the services of and fully participate in the Clearinghouse.
13	<u>11.</u>	"Control" An entity has "control" over another entity if:
14 -		(A) the entity directly or indirectly or acting through-1 or more other persons
15		own, controls, or has the power to vote 25 percent or more of any class of
16		voting securities of the other entity; or
17		(B) the entity controls in any manner the election of a majority of the directors
18		or trustees of the other entity.
19	<u>12.</u>	"Home State"
20		(A) IN GENERAL. Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the term "Home
21		State" means, with respect to an insured:
22		(i) the State in which an insured maintains its principal place of business
23		or, in the case of an individual, the individual's principal residence; or
24		(ii) if 100 percent of the insured risk is located out of the State referred to
25		in subparagraph (A)(i), the State to which the greatest percentage of
26		the insured's taxable premium for that insurance contract is allocated.
27		(R) AFFILIATED GROUPS If more than one insured from an affiliated group

1		are named insureds on a single Non-Admitted Insurance contract, the term
2		"Home State" means the Home State, as determined pursuant to
. 3		subparagraph (A), of the member of the affiliated group that has the largest
4		percentage of premium attributed to it under such insurance contract.
5	<u>13.</u>	"Independently Procured Insurance" means insurance procured by an insured
6		directly from a Surplus Lines Insurer or other Non-Admitted Insurer as
7		permitted by the laws of the Home State.
8	<u>14.</u>	"Insurer Eligibility Requirements" means the criteria, forms and procedures
9		established to qualify as a Surplus Lines Insurer under the law of the Home State
10		provided that such criteria, forms and procedures are consistent with the express
11		provisions of the NRRA on and after July 21, 2011.
12	<u>15.</u>	"Member" means the person or persons chosen by a Compacting State as its
13		representative or representatives to the Commission provided that each
14	-	Compacting State shall-be limited to one vote.
15	<u>16.</u>	"Multi-State Risk" means a risk with insured exposures in more than one State.
16	<u>17.</u>	"Non-Compacting State" means any State which has not adopted this Compact.
17	<u> 18.</u>	"Non-Admitted Insurance" means Surplus Lines Insurance and Independently
18		Procured Insurance.
19	<u>19.</u>	"Non-Admitted Insurer" means an insurer that is not authorized or admitted to
20		transact the business of insurance under the law of the Home State.
21	<u>20.</u>	"NRRA" means the Non-Admitted and Reinsurance Reform Act which is Title V,
22		Subtitle B of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act.
23	<u>21.</u>	"Policyholder Notice" means the disclosure notice or stamp that is required to be
24		furnished to the applicant or policyholder in connection with a Surplus Lines
25		Insurance placement.
26	<u>22.</u>	"Premium Tax" means with respect to Non-Admitted Insurance, any tax, fee,
27		assessment, or other charge imposed by a government entity directly or indirectly

1		based on any payment made as consideration for such insurance, including
2		premium deposits, assessments, registration fees, and any other compensation
3		given in consideration for a contract of insurance.
4	<u>23.</u>	"Principal Place of Business" means with respect to determining the Home State
5		of the insured, the state where the insured maintains its headquarters and where
6		the insured's high-level officers direct, control and coordinate the business
7		activities of the insured.
8	<u>24.</u>	"Purchasing Group" means any group formed pursuant to the Liability Risk
9		Retention Act which has as one of its purposes the purchase of liability insurance
10		on a group basis, purchases such insurance only for its group members and only
11		to cover their similar or related liability exposure and is composed of members
12		whose businesses or activities are similar or related with respect to the liability to
13		which members are exposed by virtue of any related, similar or common
14		business, trade, product, services, premises or operations and is domiciled in any
15		State.
16	<i>25.</i>	"Rule" means a statement of general or particular applicability and future effect
17		promulgated by the Commission designed to implement, interpret, or prescribe
18		law or policy or describing the organization, procedure or practice requirements
19		of the Commission which shall have the force and effect of law in the
20		Compacting States.
21	<u>26.</u>	"Single-State Risk" means a risk with insured exposures in only one State.
22	<u>27.</u>	"State" means any state, district or territory of the United States of America.
23	<u>28.</u>	"State Transaction Documentation" means the information required under the
24		laws of the Home State to be filed by Surplus Lines Licensees in order to report
25		Surplus Lines Insurance and verify compliance with surplus lines laws, and by
26		insureds in order to report Independently Procured Insurance.
27	<i>29</i> .	"Surplus Lines Insurance" means insurance procured by a Surplus Lines

1		Licensee from a Surplus Lines Insurer or other Non-Admitted Insurer as
2		permitted under the law of the Home State; for purposes of this Compact
3		"Surplus Lines Insurance" shall also mean excess lines insurance as may be
4		defined by applicable State law.
5	<u>30.</u>	"Surplus Lines Insurer" means a Non-Admitted Insurer eligible under the law of
6		the Home State to accept business from a Surplus Lines Licensee; for purposes of
7		this Compact "Surplus Lines Insurer" shall also mean an insurer which is
8		permitted to write Surplus Lines Insurance under the laws of the state where
9		such insurer is domiciled.
10	<u>31.</u>	"Surplus Lines Licensee" means an individual, firm or corporation licensed
11		under the law of the Home State to place Surplus Lines Insurance.
12		<u>ARTICLE III</u>
13		Establishment of the Commission and Venue
- 14	· <u>1.</u>	The Compacting States hereby create and establish a joint public agency known
15		as the "Surplus Lines Insurance Multi-State Compliance Compact
16		Commission."
17	<u>2. </u>	Pursuant to Article IV, the Commission will have the power to adopt mandatory
18		Rules which establish exclusive Home State authority regarding Non-Admitted
19		Insurance of Multi State Risks, Allocation Formulas, Clearinghouse Transaction
20		Data, a Clearinghouse for receipt and distribution of allocated Premium Tax and
21		Clearinghouse Transaction Data, and uniform rulemaking procedures and Rules
22		for the purpose of financing, administering, operating and enforcing compliance
23		with the provisions of this Compact, its Bylaws and Rules.
24	<u>3.</u>	Pursuant to Article IV, the Commission will have the power to adopt mandatory
25		Rules establishing foreign Insurer Eligibility Requirements and a concise and
26		objective Policyholder Notice regarding the nature of a surplus lines placement.
27	<u>4.</u>	The Commission is a body corporate and politic, and an instrumentality of the

1		Compacting States.
2	<u>5.</u>	The Commission is solely responsible for its liabilities except as otherwise
3		specifically provided in this Compact.
4	<u>6.</u>	Venue is proper and judicial proceedings by or against the Commission shall be
5		brought solely and exclusively in a court of competent jurisdiction where the
6		principal office of the Commission is located. The Commission may waive venue
7		and jurisdictional defenses to the extent it adopts or consents to participate in
8		alternative dispute resolution proceedings.
9		<u>ARTICLE IV</u>
10		Authority to Establish Mandatory Rules
11	<u>The</u>	Commission shall adopt mandatory Rules which establish:
12	<u>1.</u>	Allocation Formulas for each type of Non-Admitted Insurance coverage, which
13		Allocation Formulas must be used by each Compacting State and Contracting
14		State in acquiring Premium Tax and Clearinghouse Transaction Data from
15		Surplus Lines Licensees and insureds for reporting to the Clearinghouse created
16		by the Compact Commission. Such Allocation Formulas will be established with
17		input from Surplus lines Licensees and be based upon readily available data with
18		simplicity and uniformity for the Surplus Line Licensee as a material
19		<u>consideration.</u>
20	<u>2.</u>	Uniform Clearinghouse Transaction Data reporting requirements for all
21		information reported to the Clearinghouse.
22	<u>3.</u>	Methods by which Compacting States and Contracting States require Surplus
23		Lines Licensees and insureds to pay Premium Tax and to report Clearinghouse
24		Transaction Data to the Clearinghouse, including but not limited to processing
25		Clearinghouse Transaction Data through State stamping and service offices,
26		State insurance departments, or other State designated agencies or entities.
27	<u>4.</u>	That Non-Admitted Insurance of Multi-State Risks shall be subject to all of the

1		regulatory compliance requirements of the Home State exclusively. Home State
2		regulatory compliance requirements applicable to Surplus Lines Insurance shall
3		include but not be limited to, (i) person(s) required to be licensed to sell, solicit, or
4		negotiate Surplus Lines Insurance; (ii) Insurer Eligibility Requirements or other
5		approved Non-Admitted Insurer requirements; (iii) Diligent Search; (iv) State
6		Transaction Documentation and Clearinghouse Transaction Data regarding the
7		payment of Premium Tax as set forth in this Compact and Rules to be adopted by
8		the Commission. Home State regulatory compliance requirements applicable to
9		Independently Procured Insurance placements shall include but not be limited to
10		providing State Transaction Documentation and Clearinghouse Transaction
11		Data regarding the payment of Premium Tax as set forth in this Compact and
12		Rules to be adopted by the Commission.
13	<u>5.</u>	That each Compacting State and Contracting State may charge its own rate of
14 -		taxation on the premium allocated to such State based on the applicable
15		Allocation Formula provided that the state establishes one single rate of taxation
16		applicable to all Non-Admitted Insurance transactions and no other tax, fee
17		assessment or other charge by any governmental or quasi governmental agency
18		be permitted. Notwithstanding the foregoing, stamping office fees may be
19		charged as a separate, additional cost unless such fees are incorporated into a
20		state's single rate of taxation.
21	<u>6.</u>	That any change in the rate of taxation by any Compacting State or Contracting
22		State be restricted to changes made prospectively on not less than 90 days
23		advance notice to the Compact Commission.
24	<u>7.</u>	That each Compacting State and Contracting State shall require Premium Tax
25		payments either annually, semi-annually, or quarterly utilizing one or more of
26		the following dates only: March 1, June 1, September 1, and December 1.
27	<u>8.</u>	That each Compacting State and Contracting State prohibit any other State

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1		agency or political subdivision from requiring Surplus Lines Licensees to provide
2		Clearinghouse Transaction Data and State Transaction Documentation other
3		than to the insurance department or tax officials of the Home State or one single
4		designated agent thereof.
5	<u>9.</u>	The obligation of the Home State by itself, through a designated agent, surplus
6		lines stamping or service office, to collect Clearinghouse Transaction Data from
7		Surplus Line Licensees and from insureds for Independently Procured
8		Insurance, where applicable, for reporting to the Clearinghouse.
9	<u>10.</u>	A method for the Clearinghouse to periodically report to Compacting States,
0		Contracting States, Surplus Lines Licensees and insureds who independently
l 1		procure insurance, all Premium Taxes owed to each of the Compacting States
12		and Contracting States, the dates upon which payment of such Premium Taxes
13		are due and a method to pay them through the Clearinghouse.
14	<u>11.</u>	That each Surplus Line Licensee is required to be licensed only in the Home
15		State of each insured for whom Surplus Lines Insurance has been procured.
16	<u>12.</u>	That a policy considered to be Surplus Lines Insurance in the insured's Home
17		State shall be considered Surplus Lines Insurance in all Compacting States and
18		Contracting States, and taxed as a Surplus Lines transaction in all states to
19		which a portion of the risk is allocated. Each Compacting State and Contracting
20		State shall require each Surplus Lines Licensee to pay to every other Compacting
21		State and Contracting State Premium Taxes on each Multi-State Risk through
22		the Clearinghouse at such tax rate charged on surplus lines transactions in such
23		other Compacting States and Contracting States on the portion of the risk in each
24		such Compacting State and Contracting State as determined by the applicable
25		uniform Allocation Formula adopted by the Commission. A policy considered to
26		be Independently Procured Insurance in the insured's Home State shall be
7		considered Independently Procured Insurance in all Compacting States and

1		Contracting States. Each Compacting State and Contracting State shall require
2		the insured to pay every other Compacting State and Contracting State the
3		Independently Procured Insurance Premium Tax on each Multi-State Risk
4		through the Clearinghouse pursuant to the uniform Allocation Formula adopted
5		by the Commission.
6	<u>13.</u>	Uniform foreign Insurer Eligibility Requirements as authorized by the NRRA.
7	<u>14.</u>	A uniform Policyholder Notice.
8	<u>15.</u>	Uniform treatment of Purchasing Group Surplus Lines Insurance placements.
9		ARTICLE V
10		Powers of the Commission
11	<u>The</u>	Commission shall have the following powers:
12	<u>1.</u>	To promulgate Rules and operating procedures, pursuant to Article VIII of this
13		Compact, which shall have the force and effect of law and shall be binding in the
14		Compacting States to the extent and in the manner provided in this Compact;
15	<u>2.</u>	To bring and prosecute legal proceedings or actions in the name of the
16		Commission, provided that the standing of any State insurance department to sue
17		or be sued under applicable law shall not be affected;
18	<u>3.</u>	To issue subpoenas requiring the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the
19		production of evidence, provided however, the Commission is not empowered to
20		demand or subpoena records or data from Non-Admitted Insurers;
21	<u>4.</u>	To establish and maintain offices including the creation of a Clearinghouse for
22		the receipt of Premium Tax and Clearinghouse Transaction Data regarding Non-
23		Admitted Insurance of Multi-State Risks, Single-State Risks for states which
24		elect to require Surplus Lines Licensees to pay Premium Tax on Single State
25		Risks through the Clearinghouse and tax reporting forms;
26	<u>5.</u>	To purchase and maintain insurance and bonds;
27	<u>6.</u>	To borrow, accept or contract for services of personnel, including, but not limited

1		to, employees of a Compacting State or stamping office, pursuant to an open,
2		transparent, objective competitive process and procedure adopted by the
3		Commission;
4	<u>7.</u>	To hire employees, professionals or specialists, and elect or appoint officers, and
5		to fix their compensation, define their duties and give them appropriate authority
6		to carry out the purposes of the Compact, and determine their qualifications,
7		pursuant to an open, transparent, objective competitive process and procedure
8		adopted by the Commission; and to establish the Commission's personnel policies
9		and programs relating to conflicts of interest, rates of compensation and
10		qualifications of personnel, and other related personnel matters;
11	<u>8.</u>	To accept any and all appropriate donations and grants of money, equipment,
12		supplies, materials and services, and to receive, utilize and dispose of the same;
13		provided that at all times the Commission shall avoid any appearance of
14	-	impropriety and/or conflict of interest;
15	<u>9.</u>	To lease, purchase, accept appropriate gifts or donations of, or otherwise to own,
16		hold, improve or use, any property, real, personal or mixed; provided that at all
17		times the Commission shall avoid any appearance of impropriety and/or conflict
18		of interest;
19	<u>10.</u>	To sell convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, abandon or otherwise dispose
20		of any property real, personal or mixed;
21	<u>11.</u>	To provide for tax audit Rules and procedures for the Compacting States with
22		respect to the allocation of Premium Taxes including:
23		a. Minimum audit standards, including sampling methods,
24		b. Review of internal controls,
25		c. Cooperation and sharing of audit responsibilities between Compacting
26		States,
27		d. Handling of refunds or credits due to overnayments or improper allocation

1		of Premium Taxes,
2		e. Taxpayer records to be reviewed including a minimum retention period,
3		f. Authority of Compacting States to review, challenge, or re-audit taxpayer
4		<u>records.</u>
5	<u>12.</u>	To enforce compliance by Compacting States and Contracting States with Rules,
6		and Bylaws pursuant to the authority set forth in Article XIV;
7	<u>13.</u>	To provide for dispute resolution among Compacting States and Contracting
8		States;
9	<u>14.</u>	To advise Compacting States and Contracting States on tax-related issues
10		relating to insurers, insureds, Surplus Lines Licensees, agents or brokers
11		domiciled or doing business in Non-Compacting States, consistent with the
12		purposes of this Compact;
13	<u>15.</u>	To make available advice and training to those personnel in State stamping
14		offices, State insurance departments or other State departments for record
15		keeping, tax compliance, and tax allocations; and to be a resource for State
16		insurance departments and other State departments;
17	<u>16.</u>	To establish a budget and make expenditures;
18	<u>17.</u>	To borrow money;
19	<u> 18.</u>	To appoint and oversee committees, including advisory committees comprised of
20		Members, State insurance regulators, State legislators or their representatives,
21		insurance industry and consumer representatives, and such other interested
22		persons as may be designated in this Compact and the Bylaws;
23	<u>19.</u>	To establish an Executive Committee of not less than seven (7) nor more than
24		fifteen (15) representatives, which shall include officers elected by the
25		Commission and such other representatives as provided for herein and
26		determined by the Bylaws. Representatives of the Executive Committee shall serve
27		a one year term. Representatives of the Executive Committee shall be entitled to

1		one vote each. The Executive Committee shall have the power to act on behalf of
2		the Commission, with the exception of rulemaking, during periods when the
3		Commission is not in session. The Executive Committee shall oversee the day to
4		day activities of the administration of the Compact, including the activities of the
5		Operations Committee created under this Article and compliance and
6		enforcement of the provisions of the Compact, its Bylaws, and Rules, and such
7		other duties as provided herein and as deemed necessary.
8	<u>20.</u>	To establish an Operations Committee of not less than seven (7) and not more
9		than fifteen (15) representatives to provide analysis, advice, determinations and
10		recommendations regarding technology, software, and systems integration to be
11		acquired by the Commission and to provide analysis, advice, determinations and
12		recommendations regarding the establishment of mandatory Rules to be adopted
13		by the Commission.
14 -	<u>21.</u>	To enter into contracts with Contracting States so that Contracting States can
15		utilize the services of and fully participate in the Clearinghouse subject to the
16		terms and conditions set forth in such contracts;
17	<u>22.</u>	To adopt and use a corporate seal; and
18	<i>23</i> .	To perform such other functions as may be necessary or appropriate to achieve
19		the purposes of this Compact consistent with the State regulation of the business
20		of insurance.
21		<u>ARTICLE VI</u>
22		Organization of the Commission
23	<u>1.</u>	Membership, Voting and Bylaws
24		a. Each Compacting State shall have and be limited to one Member. Each
25		State shall determine the qualifications and the method by which it selects a
26		Member and set forth the selection process in the enabling provision of the
27		logiclation which angets this Compact. In the absence of such a provision

1	the Member shall be appointed by the governor of such Compacting State.
2	Any Member may be removed or suspended from office as provided by the
3	law of the State from which he or she shall be appointed. Any vacancy
4	occurring in the Commission shall be filled in accordance with the laws of
5	the Compacting State wherein the vacancy exists.
6	b. Each Member shall be entitled to one (1) vote and shall otherwise have an
7	opportunity to participate in the governance of the Commission in
8	accordance with the Bylaws.
9	c. The Commission shall, by a majority vote of the Members, prescribe Bylaws
10	to govern its conduct as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the
11	purposes and exercise the powers of the Compact including, but not limited
12	<u>to:</u>
13	i. Establishing the fiscal year of the Commission;
14	ii. Providing reasonable procedures for holding meetings of the
15	Commission, the Executive Committee, and the Operations
16	Committee;
17	iii. Providing reasonable standards and procedures: (i) for the
18	establishment and meetings of committees, and (ii) governing an
19	general or specific delegation of any authority or function of the
20	Commission;
21	iv. Providing reasonable procedures for calling and conducting meeting.
22	of the Commission that consist of a majority of Commission Members
23	ensuring reasonable advance notice of each such meeting and
24	providing for the right of citizens to attend each such meeting with
25	enumerated exceptions designed to protect the public's interest, the
26	privacy of individuals, and insurers' and Surplus Lines Licensees
27	proprietary information, including trade secrets. The Commission may

1		meet in camera only after a majority of the entire membership votes to
2		close a meeting in toto or in part. As soon as practicable, the
3		Commission must make public: (i) a copy of the vote to close the
4		meeting revealing the vote of each Member with no proxy votes
5		allowed, and (ii) votes taken during such meeting;
6		v. Establishing the titles, duties and authority and reasonable
7		procedures for the election of the officers of the Commission;
8		vi. Providing reasonable standards and procedures for the
9		establishment of the personnel policies and programs of the
10		Commission. Notwithstanding any civil service or other similar laws
11		of any Compacting State, the Bylaws shall exclusively govern the
12		personnel policies and programs of the Commission;
13		vii. Promulgating a code of ethics to address permissible and prohibited
14-		activities of Commission Members and employees;
15		viii. Providing a mechanism for winding up the operations of the
16		Commission and the equitable disposition of any surplus funds that
17		may exist after the termination of the Compact after the payment
18		and/or reserving of all of its debts and obligations;
19	<u>4</u>	I. The Commission shall publish its Bylaws in a convenient form and file a
20		copy thereof and a copy of any amendment thereto, with the appropriate
21		agency or officer in each of the Compacting States.
22	<u>2.</u>]	Executive Committee, Personnel and Chairperson
23	<u>4</u>	. An Executive Committee of the Commission ("Executive Committee") shall
24		be established. All actions, of the Executive Committee, including
25		compliance and enforcement are subject to the review and ratification of the
26		Commission as provided in the Bylaws.
27	, <u>-</u>	The Executive Committee shall have no more than fifteen (15) representatives, or

1		one for each State if there are less than fifteen (15) Compacting States, who shall
2		serve for a term and be established in accordance with the Bylaws.
3		b. The Executive Committee shall have such authority and duties as may be
4		set forth in the Bylaws, including but not limited to:
5		i. Managing the affairs of the Commission in a manner consistent with
6		the Bylaws and purposes of the Commission;
7		ii. Establishing and overseeing an organizational structure within, and
8		appropriate procedures for the Commission to provide for the creation
9		of Rules and operating procedures.
10		iii. Overseeing the offices of the Commission; and
11		iv. Planning, implementing, and coordinating communications and
12		activities with other State, federal and local government organizations
13		in order to advance the goals of the Commission.
14		c. The Commission shall annually elect officers from the Executive
15		Committee, with each having such authority and duties, as may be specified
16		in the Bylaws.
17		d. The Executive Committee may, subject to the approval of the Commission,
18		appoint or retain an executive director for such period, upon such terms
19		and conditions and for such compensation as the Commission may deem
20		appropriate. The executive director shall serve as secretary to the
21		Commission, but shall not be a Member of the Commission. The executive
22		director shall hire and supervise such other persons as may be authorized
23		by the Commission.
24	<u>3.</u>	Operations Committee
25		a. An Operations Committee shall be established. All actions of the Operations
26		Committee are subject to the review and oversight of the Commission and
27		the Executive Committee and must be approved by the Commission. The

1	Executive Committee will accept the determinations and recommendations
2	of the Operations Committee unless good cause is shown why such
3	determinations and recommendations should not be approved. Any
4	disputes as to whether good cause exists to reject any determination or
5	recommendation of the Operations Committee shall be resolved by the
6	majority vote of the Commission.
7	The Operations Committee shall have no more than fifteen (15) representatives
8	or one for each State if there are less than fifteen (15) Compacting States, who
9	shall serve for a term and shall be established as set forth in the Bylaws.
10	The Operations Committee shall have responsibility for:
11	i. Evaluating technology requirements for the Clearinghouse, assessing
12	existing systems used by state regulatory agencies and state stamping
13	offices to maximize the efficiency and successful integration of the
14	Clearinghouse technology systems with state and state stamping office
15	technology platforms and to minimize costs to the states, state
16	stamping offices and the Clearinghouse.
17	ii. Making recommendations to the Executive Committee based on its
18	analysis and determination of the Clearinghouse technology
19	requirements and compatibility with existing state and state stamping
20	office systems,
21	iii. Evaluating the most suitable proposals for adoption as mandatory
22	Rules, assessing such proposals for ease of integration by states, and
23	likelihood of successful implementation and to report to the Executive
24	Committee its determinations and recommendations.
25	iv. Such other duties and responsibilities as are delegated to it by the
26	Bylaws, the Executive Committee or the Commission.
27	b. All representatives of the Operations Committee shall be individuals who

l		have extensive experience and/or employment in the Surplus Lines
2		Insurance business including but not limited to executives and attorneys
3		employed by Surplus Line Insurers, Surplus Line Licensees, Law Firms,
4		State Insurance Departments and/or State stamping offices. Operations
5		Committee representatives from Compacting States which utilize the
6		services of a state stamping office must appoint the Chief Operating Officer
7		or a senior manager of the state stamping office to the Operations
8		Committee.
9	<u>4.</u>	Legislative and Advisory Committees
10		a. A legislative committee comprised of State legislators or their designees
11		shall be established to monitor the operations of and make
12		recommendations to, the Commission, including the Executive Committee;
13		provided that the manner of selection and term of any legislative committee
14		member shall be as set forth in the Bylaws. Prior to the adoption by the
15		Commission of any Uniform Standard, revision to the Bylaws, annual
16		budget or other significant matter as may be provided in the Bylaws, the
17		Executive Committee shall consult with and report to the legislative
18		<u>committee.</u>
19		b. The Commission may establish additional advisory committees as its Bylaws
20		may provide for the carrying out of its functions.
21	<u>5.</u>	Corporate Records of the Commission
22		The Commission shall maintain its corporate books and records in accordance
23		with the Bylaws.
24	<u>6.</u>	Qualified Immunity, Defense and Indemnification
25		a. The Members, officers, executive director, employees and representatives of
26		the Commission, the Executive Committee and any other Committee of the
27		Commission shall be immune from suit and liability, either personally or in

1 their official capacity, for any claim for damage to or loss of property or 2 personal injury or other civil liability caused by or arising out of any actual 3 or alleged act, error or omission that occurred, or that the person against whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing occurred 4 within the scope of Commission employment, duties or responsibilities; 5 provided that nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to protect any 6 7 such person from suit and/or liability for any damage, loss, injury or 8 liability caused by the intentional or willful or wanton misconduct of that 9 person. The Commission shall defend any Member, officer, executive director, 10 11 employee or representative of the Commission, the Executive Committee or any other Committee of the Commission in any civil action seeking to 12 impose liability arising out of any actual or alleged act, error or omission 13 that occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties or 14 responsibilities, or that the person against whom the claim is made had a 15 reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Commission 16 employment, duties or responsibilities; provided that nothing herein shall be 17 construed to prohibit that person from retaining his or her own counsel; 18 19 and provided further, that the actual or alleged act error or omission did not result from that person's intentional or willful or wanton misconduct. 20 21 The Commission shall indemnify and hold harmless any Member, officer, 22 executive director, employee or representative of the Commission, Executive Committee or any other Committee of the Commission for the amount of 23 24 any settlement or judgment obtained against that person arising out of any actual or alleged act, error or omission that occurred within the scope of 25

Commission employment, duties or responsibilities, or that such person had

a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Commission

26

27

1		employment, duties or responsibilities, provided that the actual or alleged
2		act, error or omission did not result from the intentional or willful or
3		wanton misconduct of that person.
4		<u>ARTICLE VII</u>
5		Meetings and Acts of the Commission
6	<u>1.</u>	The Commission shall meet and take such actions as are consistent with the
7		provisions of this Compact and the Bylaws.
8	<u>2.</u>	Each Member of the Commission shall have the right and power to cast a vote to
9		which that Compacting State is entitled and to participate in the business and
10		affairs of the Commission. A Member shall vote in person or by such other
11		means as provided in the Bylaws. The Bylaws may provide for Members'
12		participation in meetings by telephone or other means of communication.
13	<u>3.</u>	The Commission shall meet at least once during each calendar year. Additional
14		meetings shall be held as set forth in the Bylaws.
15	<u>4.</u>	Public notice shall be given of all meetings and all meetings shall be open to the
16		public, except as set forth in the Rules or otherwise provided in the Compact.
17	<u>5.</u>	The Commission shall promulgate Rules concerning its meetings consistent with
18		the principles contained in the "Government in the Sunshine Act," 5 U.S.C.,
19		Section 552(b), as may be amended.
20	<u>6.</u>	The Commission and its committees may close a meeting, or portion thereof,
21		where it determines by majority vote that an open meeting would be likely to:
22		a. Relate solely to the Commission's internal personnel practices and
23		procedures;
24		b. Disclose matters specifically exempted from disclosure by federal and State
25		statute;
26		c. Disclose trade secrets or commercial or financial information which is
27		privileged or confidential;

1		d. Involve accusing a person of a crime, or formally censuring a person;
2		e. Disclose information of a personal nature where disclosure would
3		constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
4		f. Disclose investigative records compiled for law enforcement purposes;
5		g. Specifically relate to the Commission's issuance of a subpoena, or its
6		participation in a civil action or other legal proceeding.
7	<u>7.</u>	For a meeting, or portion of a meeting, closed pursuant to this provision, the
8		Commission's legal counsel or designee shall certify that the meeting may be
9		closed and shall reference each relevant exemptive provision. The Commission
10		shall keep minutes which shall fully and clearly describe all matters discussed in
1		a meeting and shall provide a full and accurate summary of actions taken, and
12		the reasons therefore, including a description of the views expressed and the
13		record of a roll call vote. All documents considered in connection with an action
14		shall be identified in such minutes. All minutes and documents of a closed
15		meeting shall remain under seal, subject to release by a majority vote of the
16		Commission.
17		<u>ARTICLE VIII</u>
18		Rules and Operating Procedures:
19		Rulemaking Functions of the Commission
20	Rul	emaking functions of the Commission:
21	<u>1.</u>	Rulemaking Authority.—The Commission shall promulgate reasonable Rules in
22		order to effectively and efficiently achieve the purposes of this Compact.
23		Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event the Commission exercises its
24		rulemaking authority in a manner that is beyond the scope of the purposes of this
25		Act, or the powers granted hereunder, then such an action by the Commission
26		shall be invalid and have no force or effect.
27	2.	Rulemaking Procedure.—Rules shall be made pursuant to a rulemaking process

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1		that substantially conforms to the "Model State Administrative Procedure Act,"			
2		of 1981 Act, Uniform Laws Annotated, Vol. 15, p.1 (2000) as amended, as may be			
3		appropriate to the operations of the Commission.			
4	<u>3.</u>	Effective Date - All Rules and amendments, thereto, shall become effective as of			
5		the date specified in each Rule, operating procedure or amendment.			
6	<u>4.</u>	Not later than thirty (30) days after a Rule is promulgated, any person may file a			
7		petition for judicial review of the Rule; provided that the filing of such a petition			
8		shall not stay or otherwise prevent the Rule from becoming effective unless the			
9		court finds that the Petitioner has a substantial likelihood of success. The court			
10		shall give deference to the actions of the Commission consistent with applicable			
11		law and shall not find the Rule to be unlawful if the Rule represents a reasonable			
12		exercise of the Commission's authority.			
13		ARTICLE IX			
14-		Commission Records and Enforcement			
15	<u>1.</u>	The Commission shall promulgate Rules establishing conditions and procedures			
16		for public inspection and copying of its information and official records, except			
17		such information and records involving the privacy of individuals, insurers,			
18		insureds or Surplus Lines Licensee trade secrets. State Transaction			
19		Documentation and Clearinghouse Transaction Data collected by the			
20		Clearinghouse shall be used for only those purposes expressed in or reasonably			
21		implied under the provisions of this Compact and the Commission shall afford			
22		this data the broadest protections as permitted by any applicable law for			
23		proprietary information, trade secrets or personal data. The Commission may			
24		promulgate additional Rules under which it may make available to federal and			
25		State agencies, including law enforcement agencies, records and information			
26		otherwise exempt from disclosure, and may enter into agreements with such			
27		agencies to receive or exchange information or records subject to nondisclosure			

1		and confidentiality provisions.			
2	<u>2.</u>	Except as to privileged records, data and information, the laws of any			
, 3		Compacting State pertaining to confidentiality or nondisclosure shall not relieve			
4		any Compacting State Member of the duty to disclose any relevant records, data			
5		or information to the Commission; provided that disclosure to the Commission			
6		shall not be deemed to waive or otherwise affect any confidentiality requirement,			
7		and further provided that, except as otherwise expressly provided in this Act, the			
8		Commission shall not be subject to the Compacting State's laws pertaining to			
9		confidentiality and nondisclosure with respect to records, data and information in			
10		its possession. Confidential information of the Commission shall remain			
11		confidential after such information is provided to any Member, and the			
12		Commission shall maintain the confidentiality of any information provided by a			
13		member that is confidential under that Member's State Law.			
14	<u>3.</u>	The Commission shall monitor Compacting States for compliance with duly			
15		adopted Bylaws and Rules. The Commission shall notify any non-complying			
16		Compacting State in writing of its noncompliance with Commission Bylaws or			
17		Rules. If a non-complying Compacting State fails to remedy its noncompliance			
18		within the time specified in the notice of noncompliance, the Compacting State			
19		shall be deemed to be in default as set forth in Article XIV.			
20		ARTICLE X			
21		Dispute Resolution			
22	<u>1.</u>	Before a Member may bring an action in a court of competent jurisdiction for			
23		violation of any provision, standard or requirement of the Compact, the			
24		Commission shall attempt, upon the request of a Member, to resolve any disputes			
25		or other issues that are subject to this Compact and which may arise between two			
26		or more Compacting States, Contracting States or Non-Compacting States, and			
27		the Commission shall promulgate a Rule providing alternative dispute resolution			

and confidentiality provisions.

1		procedures for such disputes.		
2	<u>2.</u>	The Commission shall also provide alternative dispute resolution procedures to		
3		resolve any disputes between insureds or Surplus Lines Licensees concerning a		
4	tax calculation or allocation or related issues which are the subject of t			
5		Compact.		
6	<u>3.</u>	Any alternative dispute resolution procedures shall be utilized in circumstances		
7		where a dispute arises as to which State constitutes the Home State.		
8		<u>ARTICLE XI</u>		
9		Review of Commission Decisions		
10	Reg	arding Commission decisions:		
11	<u>1.</u>	Except as necessary for promulgating Rules to fulfill the purposes of this		
12		Compact, the Commission shall not have authority to otherwise regulate		
13		insurance in the Compacting States.		
14	<u>2.</u>	Not later than thirty (30) days after the Commission has given notice of any Rule		
15		or Allocation Formula, any third party filer or Compacting State may appeal the		
16		determination to a review panel appointed by the Commission. The Commission		
17		shall promulgate Rules to establish procedures for appointing such review panels		
18		and provide for notice and hearing. An allegation that the Commission, in		
19		making compliance or tax determinations acted arbitrarily, capriciously, or in a		
20	manner that is an abuse of discretion or otherwise not in accordance with the			
21		law, is subject to judicial review in accordance with Article III, Section 6.		
22	<u>3.</u>	The Commission shall have authority to monitor, review and reconsider		
23		Commission decisions upon a finding that the determinations or allocations do		
24		not meet the relevant Rule. Where appropriate, the Commission may withdraw or		
25		modify its determination or allocation after proper notice and hearing, subject to		
26		the appeal process in Section 2 above.		
27		ARTICLE XII		

1		<u>Finance</u>
2	<u>1.</u>	The Commission shall pay or provide for the payment of the reasonable expenses
3		of its establishment and organization. To fund the cost of its initial operations the
4		Commission may accept contributions, grants, and other forms of funding from
5		the State stamping offices, Compacting States and other sources.
6	<u>2.</u>	The Commission shall collect a fee payable by the insured directly or through a
7		Surplus Lines Licensee on each transaction processed through the Compact
8		Clearinghouse, to cover the cost of the operations and activities of the
9		Commission and its staff in a total amount sufficient to cover the Commission's
10		annual budget.
11	<u>3.</u>	The Commission's budget for a fiscal year shall not be approved until it has been
12		subject to notice and comment as set forth in Article VIII of this Compact.
13	<u>4.</u>	The Commission shall be regarded as performing essential governmental
14	-	functions in exercising such powers and functions and in carrying out the
15		provisions of this Compact and of any law relating thereto, and shall not be
16		required to pay any taxes or assessments of any character, levied by any State or
17		political subdivision thereof, upon any of the property used by it for such
18		purposes, or any income or revenue therefrom, including any profit from a sale
19		or exchange.
20	<u>5.</u>	The Commission shall keep complete and accurate accounts of all its internal
21		receipts, including grants and donations, and disbursements for all funds under
22		its control. The internal financial accounts of the Commission shall be subject to
23		the accounting procedures established under its Bylaws. The financial accounts
24		and reports including the system of internal controls and procedures of the
25		Commission shall be audited annually by an independent certified public
26		accountant. Upon the determination of the Commission, but not less frequently
27		than every three (3) years, the review of the independent auditor shall include a

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1		management and performance audit of the Commission. The Commission shall			
2		make an annual report to the Governor and legislature of the Compacting States,			
3		which shall include a report of the independent audit. The Commission's internal			
4		accounts shall not be confidential and such materials may be shared with the			
5		Commissioner, the controller, or the stamping office of any Compacting State			
6		upon request provided, however, that any work papers related to any internal or			
7		independent audit and any information regarding the privacy of individuals, and			
8		licensees' and insurers' proprietary information, including trade secrets, shall			
9		remain confidential.			
10	<u>6.</u>	No Compacting State shall have any claim to or ownership of any property held			
11		by or vested in the Commission or to any Commission funds held pursuant to the			
12		provisions of this Compact.			
13	<u>7.</u>	The Commission shall not make any political contributions to candidates for			
14		elected office, elected officials, political parties nor political action committees.			
15		The Commission shall not engage in lobbying except with respect to changes to			
16		this Compact.			
17		<u>ARTICLE XIII</u>			
18		Compacting States, Effective Date and Amendment			
19	<u>1.</u>	Any State is eligible to become a Compacting State.			
20	<u>2.</u>	The Compact shall become effective and binding upon legislative enactment of			
21		the Compact into law by two (2) Compacting States, provided the Commission			
22		shall become effective for purposes of adopting Rules, and creating the			
23		Clearinghouse when there are a total of ten (10) Compacting States and			
24		Contracting States or, alternatively, when there are Compacting States and			
25		Contracting States representing greater than forty percent (40%) of the Surplus			
26		Lines Insurance premium volume based on records of the percentage of Surplus			
27		Lines Insurance premium set forth in Appendix A hereto. Thereafter, it shall			

1		<u>beco</u>	me effective and binding as to any other Compacting State upon enactment		
2		of the Compact into law by that State. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the			
3	Clearinghouse operations and the duty to report Clearinghouse Transaction Data				
4	shall begin on the first January 1st or July 1st following the first anniversary of				
5		the (Commission effective date. For States which join the Compact subsequent to		
6		the e	effective date, a start date for reporting Clearinghouse Transaction Data shall		
7		be s	set by the Commission provided Surplus Lines Licensees and all other		
8		<u>inte</u>	rested parties receive not less than 90 days advance notice.		
9	<u>3.</u>	Ame	endments to the Compact may be proposed by the Commission for enactment		
0		by t	he Compacting States. No amendment shall become effective and binding		
11		upoi	n the Commission and the Compacting States unless and until all		
12		<u>Con</u>	pacting States enact the amendment into law.		
13	ARTICLE XIV				
14	. •	 -	Withdrawal, Default and Termination		
15	<u>1.</u>	With	<u>adrawal</u>		
16		<u>a.</u>	Once effective, the Compact shall continue in force and remain binding		
17			upon each and every Compacting State, provided that a Compacting State		
18			may withdraw from the Compact ("Withdrawing State") by enacting a		
19			statute specifically repealing the statute which enacted the Compact into		
20			<u>law.</u>		
21		<u>b.</u>	The effective date of withdrawal is the effective date of the repealing statute.		
22			However, the withdrawal shall not apply to any tax or compliance		
23			determinations approved on the date the repealing statute becomes effective,		
24			except by mutual agreement of the Commission and the Withdrawing State		
25			unless the approval is rescinded by the Commission.		
26		<u>c.</u>	The Member of the Withdrawing State shall immediately notify the		
27			Executive Committee of the Commission in writing upon the introduction of		

1			legislation repealing this Compact in the Withdrawing State.		
2	d. The Commission shall notify the other Compacting States of th				
3			introduction of such legislation within ten (10) days after its receipt of		
4			notice thereof.		
5	e. The Withdrawing State is responsible for all obligations, duties a				
6			liabilities incurred through the effective date of withdrawal, including any		
7			obligations, the performance of which extend beyond the effective date of		
8			withdrawal. To the extent those obligations may have been released or		
9			relinquished by mutual agreement of the Commission and the Withdrawing		
10			State, the Commission's determinations prior to the effective date of		
11			withdrawal shall continue to be effective and be given full force and effect		
12			in the Withdrawing State, unless formally rescinded by the Commission.		
13		<u>f.</u>	Reinstatement following withdrawal of any Compacting State shall occur		
14			upon the effective date of the Withdrawing State reenacting the Compact.		
15	<u>2.</u>	Def	<u>ault</u>		
16		<u>a.</u>	If the Commission determines that any Compacting State has at any time		
17			defaulted ("Defaulting State") in the performance of any of its obligations		
18			or responsibilities under this Compact, the Bylaws or duly promulgated		
19			Rules then after notice and hearing as set forth in the Bylaws, all rights,		
20			privileges and benefits conferred by this Compact on the Defaulting State		
21			shall be suspended from the effective date of default as fixed by the		
22			Commission. The grounds for default include, but are not limited to, failure		
23			of a Compacting State to perform its obligations or responsibilities, and any		
24			other grounds designated in Commission Rules. The Commission shall		
25			immediately notify the Defaulting State in writing of the Defaulting State's		
26			suspension pending a cure of the default. The Commission shall stipulate		
27			the conditions and the time period within which the Defaulting State must		

1		<u>C</u> :	ure its default. If the Defaulting State fails to cure the default within the
2		<u>ti</u>	me period specified by the Commission, the Defaulting State shall be
3		<u>te</u>	erminated from the Compact and all rights, privileges and benefits
4		<u>C</u> (onferred by this Compact shall be terminated from the effective date of
5		<u>te</u>	ermination.
6		<u>b.</u> <u>D</u>	Decisions of the Commission that are issued on the effective date of
7		<u>te</u>	ermination shall remain in force in the Defaulting State in the same
8		<u>n</u>	nanner as if the Defaulting State had withdrawn voluntarily pursuant to
9		<u>s</u>	ection 1 of this Article.
10		<u>c.</u> R	einstatement following termination of any Compacting State
11		<u>require</u>	es a reenactment of the Compact.
12	<u>3.</u>	Dissolu	ution of Compact
13		<u>a. 1</u>	he Compact dissolves effective upon the date of the withdrawal or default
14		<u>o</u>	f the Compacting State which reduces membership in the Compact to one
15		<u>c</u>	Compacting State.
16		<u>b. </u>	pon the dissolution of this Compact, the Compact becomes null and void
17		<u>a</u>	nd shall have no further force or effect, and the business and affairs of the
18		<u>C</u>	Commission shall be wound up and any surplus funds shall be distributed
19		<u>ir</u>	accordance with the Rules and Bylaws.
20			<u>ARTICLE XV</u>
21			Severability and Construction
22	<u>1.</u>	The pr	rovisions of this Compact shall be severable and if any phrase, clause,
23		<u>senten</u>	ce or provision is deemed unenforceable, the remaining provisions of the
24		<u>Compa</u>	act shall be enforceable.
25	<u>2.</u>	The pi	rovisions of this Compact shall be liberally construed to effectuate its
26		purpos	<u>es.</u>
27	<i>3</i> .	Throug	ghout this Compact the use of the singular shall include the plural and

1	vice-versa.
2	4. The headings and captions of articles, sections and sub-sections used in this
3	Compact are for convenience only and shall be ignored in construing the
4	substantive provisions of this Compact.
5	ARTICLE XVI
6	Binding Effect of Compact and Other Laws
7	1. Other Laws
8	a. Nothing herein prevents the enforcement of any other law of a Compacting
9	State except as provided in Paragraph b. of this section.
10	b. Decisions of the Commission, and any Rules, and any other requirements of
11	the Commission shall constitute the exclusive Rule, or determination
12	applicable to the Compacting States. Any law or regulation regarding Non
13	Admitted Insurance of Multi-State Risks that is contrary to Rules of th
14	Commission is preempted with respect to the following:
15	(i) Clearinghouse Transaction Data reporting requirements;
16	(ii) Allocation Formula;
17	(iii) Clearinghouse Transaction Data collection requirements;
18	(iv) Premium Tax payment time frames and Rules concerning
19	dissemination of data among the Compacting States for Non-Admitte
20	Insurance of Multi-State Risks and Single-State Risks;
21	(v) exclusive compliance with surplus lines law of the Home State of th
22	insured;
23	(vi) Rules for reporting to a Clearinghouse for receipt and distribution of
24	Clearinghouse Transaction Data related to Non-Admitted Insurance
25	of Multi-State Risks;
26	(vii) Uniform foreign Insurers Eligibility Requirements;
27	(viii) Uniform Policyholder Notice; and

1		(ix) Uniform treatment of Purchasing Groups procuring Non-Admitted		
2		Insurance.		
3	c. Except as stated in paragraph b, any Rule, Uniform Standard or other			
4		requirement of the Commission shall constitute the exclusive provision that		
5	a Commissioner may apply to compliance or tax determinations.			
6		Notwithstanding the foregoing, no action taken by the Commission shall		
7		abrogate or restrict: (i) the access of any person to State courts; (ii) the		
8		availability of alternative dispute resolution under Article X of this Compact		
9		(iii) remedies available under State law related to breach of contract, tort, or		
10		other laws not specifically directed to compliance or tax determinations;		
11		(iv) State law relating to the construction of insurance contracts; or (v) the		
12		authority of the attorney general of the State, including but not limited to		
13		maintaining any actions or proceedings, as authorized by law.		
14	2. Bin	ding Effect of this Compact		
15	<u>a.</u>	All lawful actions of the Commission, including all Rules promulgated by		
16		the Commission, are binding upon the Compacting States, except as		
17		provided herein.		
18	<u>b.</u>	All agreements between the Commission and the Compacting States are		
19		binding in accordance with their terms.		
20	<u>c.</u>	Upon the request of a party to a conflict over the meaning or interpretation		
21		of Commission actions, and upon a majority vote of the Compacting States,		
22		the Commission may issue advisory opinions regarding the meaning or		
23		interpretation in dispute. This provision may be implemented by Rule at the		
24		discretion of the Commission.		
25	<u>d.</u>	In the event any provision of this Compact exceeds the constitutional limits		
26		imposed on the legislature of any Compacting State, the obligations, duties,		
27		powers or jurisdiction sought to be conferred by that provision upon the		

1	Con	nmission shall be ineffective as t	o that State and those obligations		
2	duties, powers or jurisdiction shall remain in the Compacting State and				
3	shall be exercised by the agency thereof to which those obligations, duties,				
4	powers or jurisdiction are delegated by law in effect at the time thi				
5	Con	npact becomes effective.			
6		Surplus Line Insurance Pres	niums by State		
7		<u>Appendix A</u>			
8	State	Premiums based on taxes paid	Share of Total Premiums		
9	Alabama	445,746,000	1.47%		
10	Alaska	89,453,519	0.29%		
11	<u>Arizona</u>	663,703,267	2.18%		
12	<u>Arkansas</u>	201,859,750	0.66%		
13	California	5,622,450,467	<u> 18.49%</u>		
14	<u>Colorado</u>	543,781,333	<u>1.79%</u>		
15	Connecticut	329,358,800	1.08%		
16	Delaware	92,835,950	0.31%		
17	Florida	2,660,908,760	8.75%		
18	Georgia	895,643,150	2.95%		
19	Hawaii	232,951,489	0.77%		
20	<u>Idaho</u>	74,202,255	0.24%		
21	<u>Illinois</u>	1,016,504,629	3.34%		
22	<u>Indiana</u>	412,265,320	1.36%		
23	<u>Iowa</u>	135,130,933	0.44%		
24	Kansas	160,279,300	0.53%		
25	Kentucky	167,996,133	0.55%		
26	<u>Louisiana</u>	853,173,280	2.81%		
27	Maine	60,111,200	0.20%		

1	Maryland	434,887,600	1.43%
2	Massachusetts	708,640,225	2.33%
3	Michigan	703,357,040	2.31%
4	Minnesota	393,128,400	1.29%
5	Mississippi	263,313,175	0.87%
6	Missouri	404,489,860	1.33%
7	Montana	64,692,873	0.21%
8	Nebraska	92,141,167	0.30%
9	Nevada	354,271,514	1.17%
10	New Hampshire	102,946,250	0.34%
11	New Jersey	1,087,994,033	3.58%
12	New Mexico	67,608,458	0.22%
13	New York	2,768,618,083	9.11%
14	North Carolina	514,965,060	1.69%
15	North Dakota	36,223,943	0.12%
16	<u>Ohio</u>	342,000,000	1.12%
17	<u>Oklahoma</u>	319,526,400	1.05%
18	Oregon	312,702,150	1.03%
19	Pennsylvania	780,666,667	2.57%
20	Rhode Island	71,794,067	0.24%
21	South Carolina	412,489,825	1.36%
22	South Dakota	38,702,120	0.13%
23	Tennessee	451,775,24	1.49%
24	Texas	3,059,170,454	10.06%
25	Utah	142,593,412	0.47%
26	<u>Vermont</u>	41,919,433	0.14%
27	<u>Virginia</u>	611,530,667	2.01%

1	Washington	739,932,050	2.43%
2	West Virginia	130,476,250	0.43%
3	Wisconsin	248,758,333	0.82%
4	Wyoming	40,526,967	0.13%
5	<u>Total</u>	30,400,197,251	100.00%
6	This Data is 2005 Calendar Year Data excerpted from a study dated February 27, 2007		
7	by Mackin & Con	npany.	
8	→Section 2	. KRS 91A.080 is amended	to read as follows:

- → Section 2. KRS 91A.080 is amended to read as follows:
- 9 The legislative body of each local government which elects to impose and collect (1) 10 license fees or taxes upon insurance companies for the privilege of engaging in the 11 business of insurance may, except as provided in subsection (10) of this section, 12 enact or change its license fee or rate of tax to be effective July 1 of each year on a 13 prospective basis only and shall file with the commissioner of insurance at least one 14 hundred (100) days prior to the effective date, a copy of all ordinances and amendments which impose a license fee or tax. No less than eighty-five (85) days 15 16 prior to the effective date, the commissioner of insurance shall promptly notify each 17 insurance company engaged in the business of insurance in the Commonwealth of 18 those local governments which have elected to impose the license fees or taxes and 19 the current amount of the license fee or rate of tax.
 - Any license fee or tax imposed by a local government upon an insurance company with respect to life insurance policies may be based upon the first year's premiums, and, if so based, shall be applied to the amount of the premiums actually collected within each calendar quarter upon the lives of persons residing within the corporate limits of the local government.
- 25 (3) Any license fee or tax imposed by a local government upon any insurance company 26 with respect to any policy which is not a life insurance policy shall be based upon 27 the premiums actually collected by the insurance company within each calendar

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quarter on risks located within the corporate limits of the local government on those classes of business which the insurance company is authorized to transact, less all premiums returned to policyholders. In determining the amount of license fee or tax to be collected and to be paid to the local government, the insurance company shall use the tax rate effective on the first day of the policy term. When an insurance company collects a premium as a result of a change in the policy during the policy term, the tax rate used shall be the rate in effect on the effective date of the policy change. With respect to premiums returned to policyholders, the license fee or tax shall be returned by the insurance company to the policyholder pro rata on the unexpired amount of the premium at the same rate at which it was collected and shall be taken as a credit by the insurance company on its next quarterly report to the local government.

- (4) The Department of Insurance shall, by administrative regulation, provide for a reasonable collection fee to be retained by the insurance company or its agent as compensation for collecting the tax, except that the collection fee shall not be more than fifteen percent (15%) of the fee or tax collected and remitted to the local government or two percent (2%) of the premiums subject to the tax, whichever is less. To facilitate computation, collection, and remittance of the fee or tax and collection fee provided in this section, the fees or taxes set out in subsection (1), (2), or (3) of this section, together with the collection fee in this section, may be rounded off to the nearest dollar amount.
- 22 (5) Pursuant to KRS 304.3-270, if any other state retaliates against any Kentucky
 23 domiciliary insurer because of the requirements of this section, the commissioner of
 24 insurance shall impose an equal tax upon the premiums written in this state by
 25 insurers domiciled in the other state.
- 26 (6) Accounting and reporting procedures for collection and reporting of the fees or 27 taxes and the collection fee herein provided shall be determined by administrative

1 regulations promulgated by the Department of Insurance.

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- 2 (7) (a) Upon written request of the legislative body of any local government, at the 3 expense of the requesting local government, which shall be paid in advance by 4 the local government to the Department of Insurance, the Department of 5 Insurance shall audit, or cause to be audited by contract with qualified auditors, the books or records of the insurance companies or agents subject to 6 7 the fee or tax to determine whether the fee or tax is being properly collected 8 and remitted, and the findings of the audit shall be reported to the local 9 government and the insurance company subject to the audit. An insurance 10 company may appeal the findings of the audit conducted under this subsection 11 and any assessment issued pursuant to the audit findings in accordance with 12 the provisions of KRS 91A.0804(5).
 - (b) Willful failure to properly collect and remit the fee or tax imposed by a local government pursuant to the authority granted by this section shall constitute grounds for the revocation of the license issued to an insurance company or agent under the provisions of KRS Chapter 304.
 - If the Department of Insurance finds that an insurance company has willfully engaged in a pattern of business conduct that fails to properly collect and remit the fee or tax imposed by a local government pursuant to the authority granted by this section, the Department of Insurance may assess the responsible insurance company an appropriate penalty fee no greater than ten percent (10%) of the additional license fees or taxes determined to be owed to the local government. The penalty fee shall be paid to the local government owed the license fee or tax less any administrative costs of the Department of Insurance in enforcing this section. Any insurance company or agent held responsible for a penalty fee may request a hearing with the Department of Insurance to be conducted pursuant to KRS 304.2-310 to 304.2-370 regarding

- the finding of a willful violation and the subsequent penalty fee.
- 2 (8) The license fees or taxes provided for by subsections (2) and (3) of this section shall
- 3 be due thirty (30) days after the end of each calendar quarter. Annually, by March
- 4 31, each insurance company shall furnish each local government to which the tax or
- fee is remitted with a breakdown of all collections in the preceding calendar year for
- 6 the following categories of insurance:
- 7 (a) Casualty;
- 8 (b) Automobile;
- 9 (c) Inland marine;
- 10 (d) Fire and allied perils;
- (e) Health; and
- 12 (f) Life.
- 13 (9) Any license fee or tax not paid on or before the due date shall bear interest at the tax
- interest rate as defined in KRS 131.010(6) from the date due until paid. Such
- interest payable to the local government is separate of penalties provided for in
- subsection (7) of this section. In addition, the local government may assess a ten
- percent (10%) penalty for a tax or fee not paid within thirty (30) days after the due
- date.
- 19 (10) No license fee or tax imposed under this section shall apply to premiums received
- 20 on:
- 21 (a) Policies of group health insurance provided for state employees under KRS
- 22 18A.225;
- 23 (b) Policies insuring employers against liability for personal injuries to their
- employees or the death of their employees caused thereby, under the
- 25 provisions of KRS Chapter 342;
- 26 (c) Health insurance policies issued to individuals;
- 27 (d) Policies issued through Kentucky Access created in Subtitle 17B of KRS

1		Chapter 304; [or]
2		(e) Policies for high deductible health plans as defined in 26 U.S.C. sec.
3		223(c)(2) <u>; or</u>
4		(f) Multi-state surplus lines, defined as non-admitted insurance as provided in
5		Title V, Subtitle B, the Non-Admitted and Reinsurance Reform Act of 2010,
6		of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, Pub.
7		<u>L. No. 111-203</u> .
8	(11)	No county may impose the tax authorized by this section upon the premiums
9		received on policies issued to public service companies which pay ad valorem taxes.
10	(12)	Insurance companies which pay license fees or taxes pursuant to this section shall
11		credit city license fees or taxes against the same license fees or taxes levied by the
12		county, when the license fees or taxes are levied by the county on or after July 13,
13		1990. For purposes of this subsection, a consolidated local government, urban-
14		county government, charter county government, or unified local government shall
15		be considered a county.
16	(13)	No license fee or tax imposed under this section shall apply to premiums paid to
17		insurers of municipal bonds, leases, or other debt instruments issued by or on behalf
18		of a city, county, charter county government, urban-county government,
19		consolidated local government, special district, nonprofit corporation, or other
20		political subdivision of the Commonwealth. However, this exemption shall not
21		apply if the bonds, leases, or other debt instruments are issued for profit or on behalf
22		of for-profit or private organizations.
23	(14)	A county may impose a license fee or tax covering the entire county or may limit
24		the application of the fee or tax to the unincorporated portions of the county.
25		→ Section 3. KRS 136.392 is amended to read as follows:
26	(1)	(a) Every domestic, foreign, or alien insurer, other than life and health insurers,
27		which is either subject to or exempted from Kentucky premium taxes as levied

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pursuant to the provisions of either KRS 136.340, 136.350, 136.370, or 136.390, shall charge and collect a surcharge of one dollar and fifty cents (\$1.50) upon each one hundred dollars (\$100) of premium, assessments, or other charges, except for those municipal premium taxes, made by it for insurance coverage provided to its policyholders, on risk located in this state, whether the charges are designated as premiums, assessments, or otherwise. The premium surcharge shall be collected by the insurer from its policyholders at the same time and in the same manner that its premium or other charge for the insurance coverage is collected. The premium surcharge shall be disclosed to policyholders pursuant to administrative regulations promulgated by the commissioner of insurance. However, no insurer or its agent shall be entitled to any portion of any premium surcharge as a fee or commission for its collection. On or before the twentieth day of each month, each insurer shall report and remit to the Department of Revenue, on forms as it may require, all premium surcharge moneys collected by it during its preceding monthly accounting period less any moneys returned to policyholders as applicable to the unearned portion of the premium on policies terminated by either the insured or the insurer. Insurers with an annual liability of less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each of the previous two (2) calendar years may report and remit to the Department of Revenue all premium surcharge moneys collected on a calendar year basis on or before the twentieth day of January of the following calendar year. The funds derived from the premium surcharge shall be deposited in the State Treasury, and shall constitute a fund allocated for the uses and purposes of the Firefighters Foundation Program fund, KRS 95A.220 and 95A.262, and the Law Enforcement Foundation Program fund, KRS 15.430.

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(b) Effective July 1, 1992, the surcharge rate in paragraph (a) of this subsection

shall be adjusted by the commissioner of revenue to a rate calculated to provide sufficient funds for the uses and purposes of the Firefighters Foundation Program fund as prescribed by KRS 95A.220 and 95A.262 and the Law Enforcement Foundation Program fund as prescribed by KRS 15.430 for each fiscal year. The rate shall be calculated using as its base the number of local government units eligible for participation in the funds under applicable statutes as of January 1, 1994. To allow the commissioner of revenue to calculate an appropriate rate, the secretary of the Public Protection Cabinet and the secretary for the Justice and Public Safety Cabinet shall certify to the commissioner of revenue, no later than January 1 of each year, the estimated budgets for the respective funds specified above, including any surplus moneys in the funds, which shall be incorporated into the consideration of the adjusted rate for the next biennium. As soon as practical, the commissioner of revenue shall advise the commissioner of insurance of the new rate and the commissioner shall inform the affected insurers. The rate adjustment process shall continue on a biennial basis.

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Within five (5) days after the end of each month, all insurance premium surcharge proceeds deposited in the State Treasury as set forth in this section shall be paid by the State Treasurer into the Firefighters Foundation Program fund trust and agency account and the Law Enforcement Foundation Program fund trust and agency account. The amount paid into each account shall be proportionate to each fund's respective share of the total deposits, pursuant to KRS 42.190. Moneys deposited to the Law Enforcement Foundation Program fund trust and agency account shall not be disbursed, expended, encumbered, or transferred by any state official for uses and purposes other than those prescribed by KRS 15.410 to 15.500, except that beginning with fiscal year 1994-95, through June 30, 1999, moneys remaining in the account at the end of the fiscal year in excess of three million dollars

(\$3,000,000) shall lapse. On and after July 1, 1999, moneys in this account shall not lapse. Money deposited to the Firefighters Foundation Program fund trust and agency account shall not be disbursed, expended, encumbered, or transferred by any state official for uses and purposes other than those prescribed by KRS 95A.200 to 95A.300, except that beginning with fiscal year 1994-95, through June 30, 1999, moneys remaining in the account at the end of the fiscal year in excess of three million dollars (\$3,000,000) shall lapse, but moneys in the revolving loan fund established in KRS 95A.262 shall not lapse. On and after July 1, 1999, moneys in this account shall not lapse.

- Insurance premium surcharge funds collected from the policyholders of any domestic mutual company, cooperative, or assessment fire insurance company shall be deposited in the State Treasury, and shall be paid monthly by the State Treasurer into the Firefighters Foundation Program fund trust and agency account as provided in KRS 95A.220 to 95A.262. However, insurance premium surcharge funds collected from policyholders of any mutual company, cooperative, or assessment fire insurance company which transfers its corporate domicile to this state from another state after July 15, 1994, shall continue to be paid into the Firefighters Foundation Program fund and the Law Enforcement Foundation Program fund as prescribed.
- No later than July 1 of each year, the Department of Insurance shall provide the Department of Revenue with a list of all Kentucky-licensed property and casualty insurers and the amount of premium volume collected by the insurer for the preceding calendar year as set forth on the annual statement of the insurer. No later than September 1 of each year, the Department of Revenue shall calculate an estimate of the premium surcharge due from each insurer subject to the insurance premium surcharge imposed pursuant to this section, based upon the surcharge rate imposed pursuant to this section and the amount of the premium volume for each

1		insurer as reported by the Department of Insurance. The Department of Revenue
2		shall compare the results of this estimate with the premium surcharge paid by each
3		insurer during the preceding year and shall provide the Legislative Research
4		Commission, the Commission on Fire Protection Personnel Standards and
5		Education, the Kentucky Law Enforcement Council, and the Department of
6		Insurance with a report detailing its findings on a cumulative basis. In accordance
7		with KRS 131.190, the Department of Revenue shall not identify or divulge the
8		confidential tax information of any individual insurer in this report.
9	(5)	The insurance premiums surcharge provided in this section shall not apply to
10		premiums collected from the following:
11		(a) The federal government;
12		(b) Resident educational and charitable institutions qualifying under Section
13		501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code;
14		(c) Resident nonprofit religious institutions for real, tangible, and intangible
15		property coverage only;
16		(d) State government for coverage of real property; or
17		(e) Local governments for coverage of real property.
18	<u>(6)</u>	Pursuant to the Non-Admitted and Reinsurance Reform Act of 2010, Title V,
19		Subtitle B, of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act,
20		Pub. L. No. 111-517, the insurance premium surcharge on non-admitted
21		insurance for multistate risks shall be exempt from the provisions of this section
22		but shall be subject to the provisions of Section 4 of this Act.
23		→ Section 4. KRS 304.10-180 is amended to read as follows:
24	(1)	For single state risks located solely within this state, each broker shall pay the

(a) A tax at the rate of three percent (3%) on the premiums, assessments, fees,

charges, or other consideration deemed part of the premium as defined in KRS

following taxes:

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1		304.14-030, on surplus lines insurance subject to tax transacted by him or her
2		with unauthorized insurers during the preceding calendar quarter as shown by
3		his or her quarterly statement filed with the commissioner in accordance with
4		KRS 304.10-170. The tax shall not be assessed on the premium surcharge tax,
5		the local government premium tax, or any other state or federal tax. The tax
6		shall be remitted to the commissioner within thirty (30) days of the end of
7		each calendar quarter. When collected the tax shall be credited to the
8		insurance regulatory trust fund, as established by KRS 304.2-400;
9	(b)	The premium surcharge tax, to be remitted to the Kentucky Department of
10		Revenue, in accordance with KRS 136.392; and
11	(c)	The local government premium tax, to be remitted to the appropriate city,
12		county, or urban-county government taxing authority, in accordance with KRS
13		91A.080. Each broker shall be subject to the provisions of this section and
14		KRS 91A.080 and 91A.0802 to 91A.0810 as an insurance company.
15	(2) <u>For</u>	multistate risks, each broker shall pay a tax at the rate of eleven and eight-
16	<u>tent</u>	hs percent (11.8%) on premiums in accordance with the uniform Allocation
17	<u>For</u>	mula and other rules adopted by the Surplus Lines Insurance Multi-State
18	Con	npliance Compact Commission established in Section 1 of this Act. The tax
19	<u>coll</u>	ected on multistate risks shall be remitted to the Department of Insurance,
20	<u>whi</u>	ch shall no less than semiannually divide and distribute the revenues as
21	<u>foll</u>	ows:
22	<u>(a)</u>	Twenty-five percent (25%) of the tax collected shall be retained by the
23		Department of Insurance and treated as if collected pursuant to subsection
24		(1)(a) of this section;
25	<u>(b)</u>	Fifteen percent (15%) of the tax collected shall be distributed to the
26		Department of Revenue and treated as if it was collected pursuant to
27		Section 3 of this Act and shall be used for the purposes of funding:

1		1. The Firefighters Foundation Program fund, as provided by KRS
2		95A.220 and 95A.262; and
3		2. The Law Enforcement Foundation Program Fund as provided by
4		KRS 15.430; and
5	<u>(c)</u>	Sixty percent (60%) of the tax collected shall be distributed to the
6		Department for Local Government. The Department for Local Government:
7		1. Shall determine the share of the tax for each city and county
8		government on a pro rata basis pursuant to a distribution formula that
9		is based upon the percentage of each city's and county's historical
10		local premium tax collections from surplus lines insurance in
11		calendar years 2007, 2008, and 2009, as compared to the total of all
12		local insurance premium taxes on surplus lines insurance collected in
13		calendar years 2007, 2008, and 2009;
14		2. Shall exclude any city or county from the distribution that collected a
15		total of less than five hundred dollars (\$500) in insurance premium
16		taxes from surplus lines insurance for calendar years 2007, 2008, and
17		2009 and the total amount of these city or county collections of less
18		than five hundred dollars (\$500) shall be excluded from the
19		determination of the total local insurance premium tax collections
20		required by this subsection;
21		3. Shall not less than semiannually distribute the proceeds to city and
22		county governments for the purposes of funding public safety,
23		including but not limited to:
24		a. Police;
25		b. Fire;
26		c. Emergency 911 services; and
27		d. Ambulance services: and

1	4. May charge a yearly administrative fee equal to one percent (1%) of
2	the total local government portion provided under this subsection, not
3	to exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) per year statewide.
4	[If a surplus lines policy covers risks or exposures only partially in this state the tax so
5	payable shall be computed upon the proportion of the premium which is properly
6	allocable to the risks or exposures located in this state.]
7	→ Section 5. Sections 2, 3, and 4 of this Act shall take effect as provided in Article
8	XIII of Section 1 of this Act, upon legislative enactment of the compact into law by two
9	compacting states, provided the commission shall become effective for purposes of
10	adopting rules, and creating the clearinghouse when there are a total of ten compacting
11	states and contracting states or, alternatively, when there are compacting states and
12	contracting states representing greater than 40 percent of the surplus lines insurance
13	premium volume based on records of the percentage of surplus lines insurance.

President of Senate Chief Clerk of House of Representatives

Attest:

Approved

Date

3-16-11